

Supporting Information

Supplementary table and figure

This appendix was part of the submitted manuscript and has been peer reviewed. It is posted as supplied by the authors.

Supporting Information for: Lockery JE, Collyer TA, Abhayaratna WP, et al. Recruiting general practice patients for large clinical trials: lessons from the Aspirin in Reducing Events in the Elderly (ASPREE) study. *Med J Aust* 2019; doi: 10.5694/mja2.12060.

Table 1. Details of 3-step recruitment process

Activity	Responsibility	Description
Step 1: GP invitation and enrolment	ASPREE staff*	(Step 1a in Box 1) Compilation of a list of GPs and practices from publicly available
		sources.
		Minimum data set entered into AWARD-GP (GP name, practice name,
		address, phone number and ASPREE catchment area).
		(Step 1b in Box 1)
		First contact with practice (on-site visit).
		(Step 1c in Box 1)
		Enrolment visit; interested GPs enrolled.
	ASPREE staff*	
Step 2:	ASFILL Stall	(Step 2a in Box 1)
Identification of		Practice database search for potential participants:
potentially eligible participants		a) Inclusion criteria:
		 men and women 70 years of age or more.
		b) Exclusion criteria:
		history of myocardial infarction, heart failure, angina
		pectoris, stroke, transient ischaemic attack, carotid
		endarterectomy or stenting, coronary artery angioplasty or
		stenting, coronary artery bypass grafting, or abdominal aortic
		aneurysm;
		a clinical diagnosis of atrial fibrillation;
		 an absolute contraindication or allergy to aspirin;
		 currently using aspirin for secondary prevention;
		 currently continuously using other antiplatelet drug or
		anticoagulant;
		history of dementia.
		c) Participant had an appointment with an enrolled GP within 2 years of
	40DDEE -1-11	the database search.
	ASPREE staff [†]	(Step 2c in Box 1)
		Collation of database search results into mailing list of potentially
	ASPREE staff*	eligible participants.
		Delivery of mailing list to GP at practice.
	Enrolled GP	(Step 2c in Box 1)
		Review of list to exclude:
		 patients inappropriate for the study;
		 patients who are not patients of the GP.
	ASPREE staff*	
	ASPREE staff [†]	Review list retrieved from practice. (Step 2d in Box 1)
	AUI NEL SIAII	Potentially eligible participants remaining on the list were mailed a stud
		invitation letter on behalf of the GP. The letter included a toll-free
	ACDDEE - (-11 [‡]	central telephone number for interested people.
Step 3:	ASPREE staff [‡]	(Step 3a in Box 1)
Participant screening		Interested participants called the toll-free central telephone number and
		were screened by phone according to the inclusion and exclusion
		criteria. Participants satisfying the criteria were considered "included" a
		phone screening.
	ASPREE staff ¹	Included participants seen at general practice or other community
		location for one-hour baseline screening visit. Participants provided wit
		bottle of run-in study medication and a clinical eligibility worksheet for
		completion by the GP.
	Enrolled GP	Completion of clinical eligibility worksheet at short GP consultation.
	ASPREE staff ¹	One month after the first baseline screening visit, participants were
		seen at general practice or other community location for second one-
		hour baseline screening visit. Study medication compliance was
		- ,
		assessed and clinical eligibility worksheet checked.

^{*} Non-medical recruitment staff specifically trained for ASPREE study.
† Central data management staff.
‡ Call centre staff.
¶ Field staff trained to conduct in-person study measures and assessments.

Figure 1. CONSORT diagram for Australian general practitioner enrolment and participant recruitment activity

